## **Overview of SOCAL-BRS project**

off California

Peter Tyack, Sea Mammal Research Unit, University of St Andrews PIs: Brandon Southall, John Calambokidis Prime Contractor: Cascadia Research Collective



## **BRS Socal**



Why SOCAL? - Species density and diversity - Area of high Navy activity -Collaboration with ongoing projects



### SOCAL-BRS targets many species, but Beaked Whales are top priority





**Deep-divers** (*Beaked whales, Sperm whales*) - particular sensitivity: beaked whales

- endangered status: sperm whales



**Mysticetes** (*Blue, Fin, Humpback, Minke whales*) - endangered status



**Other Delphinids** (*Rissos, Common, Bottlenose dolphin*)

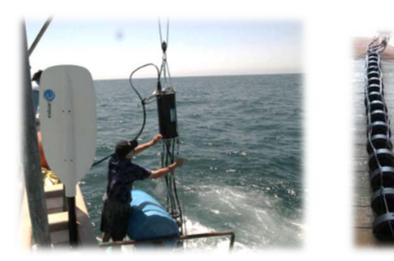
- common occurrence, exposure
- large percentage of Navy "takes"

## **SOCAL-BRS Field Configuration**

#### **Decentralized Vessel Strategy**:

\* Fast, independent tag boats
\*Small, flexible central platform
\*Small portable sound source (cannot be towed)







## SOCAL-BRS Animals Tagged (2010-2014)



Coronado Escargimen

#### SOCAL-BRS: ALL Tags and CEEs (2010-15)

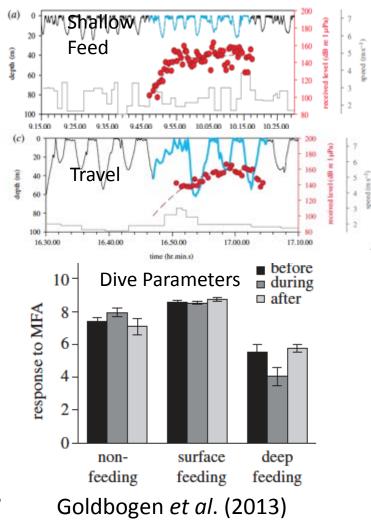
Species	Animals Tagged	Total CEEs	Real Navy MFA	Scaled Source MFA	Scaled Source PRN	Silent Control
Cuvier's Beaked Whale	6	3	1	2		
Baird's Beaked Whale	1	1		1		
Sperm Whale	1 (twice)	3		1	1	1
Blue Whale	82	46	3	22	15	9
Fin Whale	25	18	2	10	4	5 (1 real)
Humpback Whale	2	2		2		
Minke Whale	2	1		1		
Risso's Dolphin	34	18	2	8	2	6
Bottlenose Dolphin	9	0				
Common Dolphin	2	0				

#### **RESPONSES OF BLUE WHALES TO SONAR EXPOSURE**



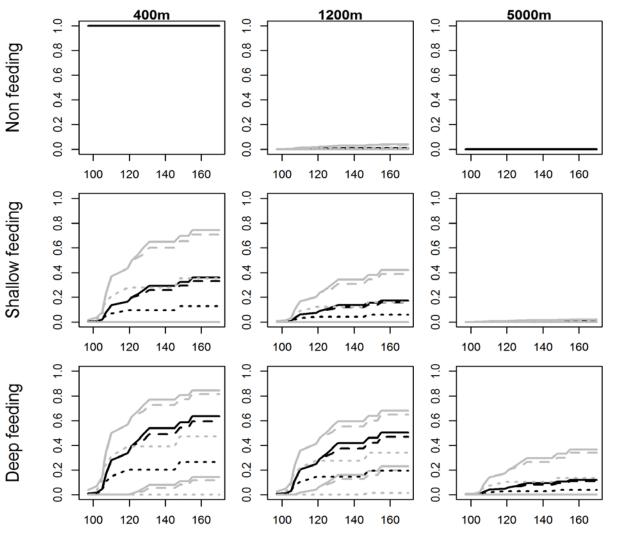
#### Scaled source Controlled Exposure Experiments

- Large data set shows that context-dependent responses vary by behavioral state
- No clear responses for many whales in non-"deep feeding" behavioral states
- Responses at low RLs in some whales with rapid recovery by stop of exposure
  Avoidance responses strongest in dive parameters during deep feeding
  During exposure, probability of transitioning into deep feeding state falls to essentially zero.



#### MODELLING BLUE WHALE RESPONSE TO SONAR AS F(RECEIVED LEVEL, CONTEXT, RANGE)

- Dose response severity functions generated using recurrent event survival analysis (MOCHA product – Harris et al., 2015)
- Individual exposures combined to estimate p(resp) as a function of exposure level and contextual covariates



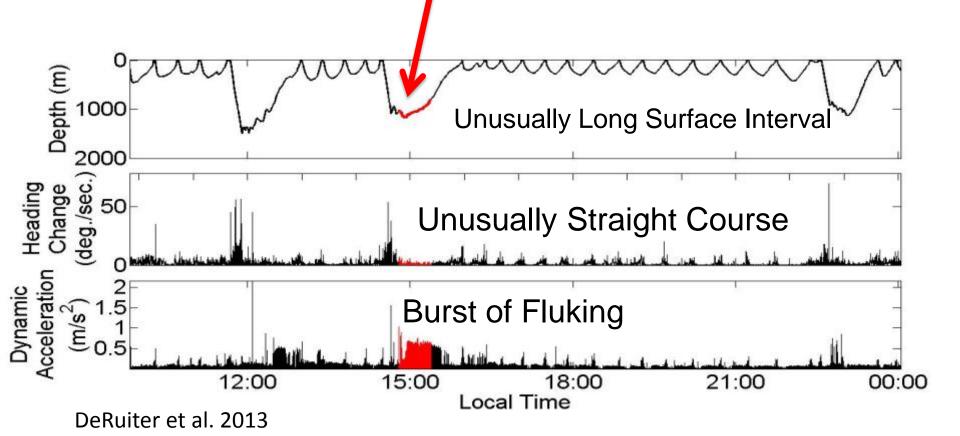
Southall *et al.*, in prep

CUMULATIVE SOUND EXPOSURE LEVEL

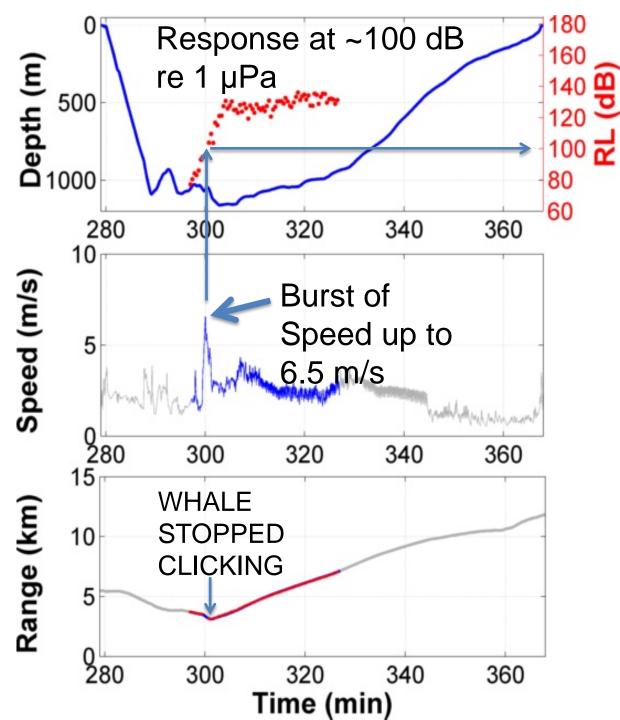
*Ziphius* is Top Priority because it dominates beaked whale strandings that coincide with naval sonar exercises

- Of 12 cases of beaked whale strandings most closely coincident with naval sonar exercises, 8/12 involved just *Ziphius*. All 4 of the mixed species strandings also included *Ziphius*, 3/4 included *Mesoplodon*.
- Aguilar Soto (2006) report response of *Ziphius* to ship noise
- Experiments testing the response of *Ziphius* to naval sonar are therefore high priority

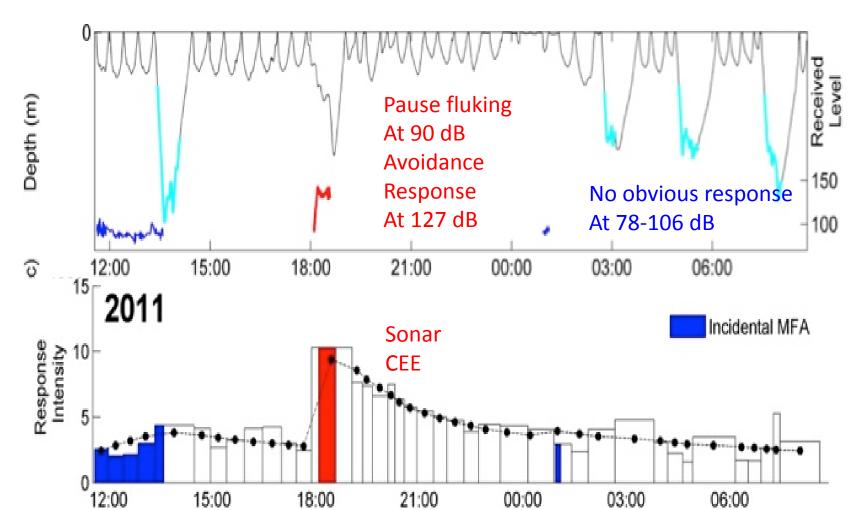
Dive Pattern, Change in Heading, and Dynamic Acceleration of 2010 playback to tagged *Ziphius* – red marks sonar playback



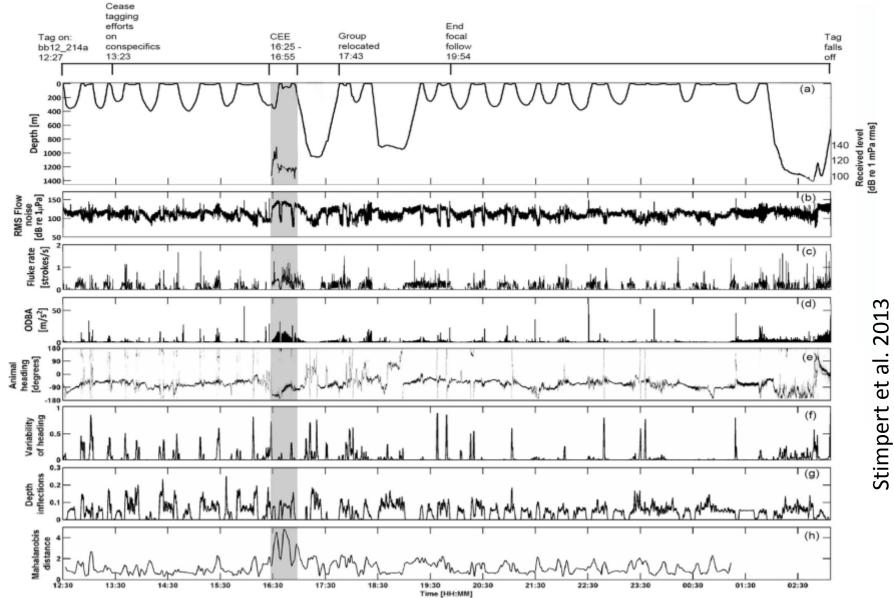
**BRS SoCal** Exposure and Response of Tagged Ziphius in 2010 Whale moved from <4 km to 12 km away from the source before surfacing DeRuiter et al 2013



## Second SoCal sonar playback to tagged Ziphius included incidental sonar at RL 78-106 dB re 1 μPa



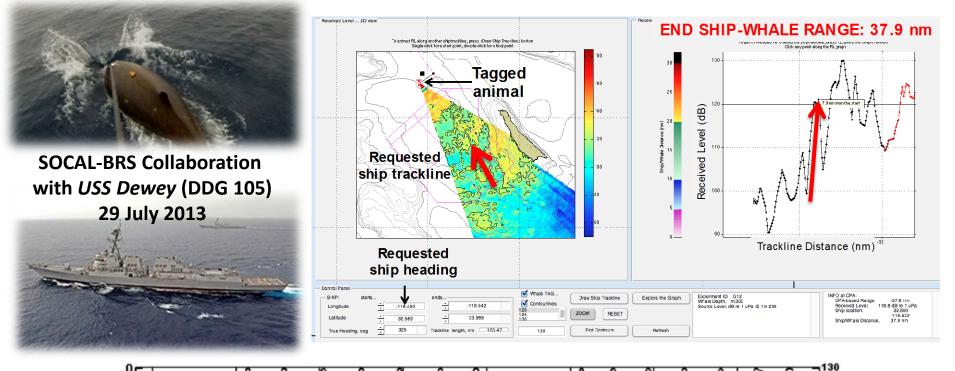
# BRS SoCal Response of Baird's beaked whale to sonar

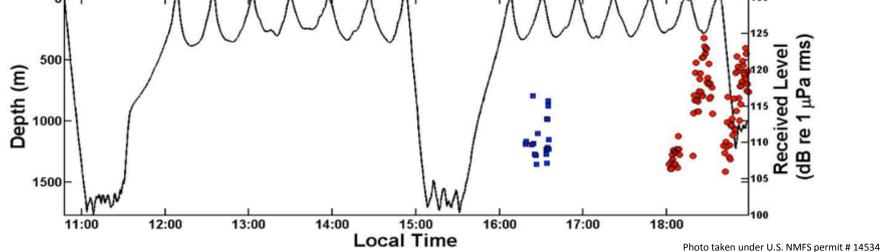


#### Min Received Levels for Beaked Whale Response

Species	Stimulus	<b>Received Level</b> dB re 1 μPa rms broadband	Source
Mesoplodon densirostris 1	Orca	97	BRS AUTEC
Ziphius cavirostris 2	MFA	98	BRS SoCal
Hyperoodon ampullatus	MFA	107	3S
Ziphius cavirostris 3	MFA	127	BRS SoCal
Berardius bairdii	MFA	127	BRS SoCal
Ziphius cavirostris 1	Ship propulsion	136	Aguilar et al. (2006) Mar Mam Sci, 22(3): 690–699
Mesoplodon densirostris 1	MFA	138	BRS AUTEC
Mesoplodon densirostris 2	PRN	142	BRS AUTEC

## Controlled Exposure Experiment to Ziphius using sonar on moving navy warship





### SOCAL-BRS CONCLUSIONS



#### Novel findings using simulated sonar CEEs

- Species differences (beaked whales most sensitive)
- Strong context dependence in probability of response and type of response
- *Key factors: behavioral state, perhaps sourcereceiver range*
- Major progress in analytical methods and multipronged approach for Realistic scales and scenarios



- Major step forward using real Navy ships in CEEs
- Sustained, concerted, adaptive efforts for ship cooperation in 2015 but various challenges in the field
- Top priority for final field effort in 2016 (target: 4 ships)
- Multiple tag deployments, extended duration, integrate more Passive Acoustic Monitoring



## SOCAL-BRS Acknowledgements



## **Sponsors**: US Navy Living Marine Resources Program & ONR Marine Mammal Program



NOAA: NMFS Offices of Science & Technology,



Protected Resources, and SWFSC; Channel Islands National Marine Sanctuary; SW Stranding Network

#### Crews of the R/V Truth (Truth Aquatics) and R/V Sproul (SIO)

Permits, Authorizations: Tammy Adams, Sarah Wilkin, Ned Cyr, Jason Gedamke, Teri Rowles, CA Coastal Commission Technical Advice & Support: Fleur Visser, Doug Nowacek, Dave Johnston, Walter Zimmer, Ian Boyd, Chris Clark Public Outreach and Interaction: Michael Jasny, Diane and Bernard Alps, Drew Wharton