



› DEVELOPMENT OF A CYCLIST-AEB TESTING SYSTEM

CATS - Sjef van Montfort, TNO



TNO innovation
for life

OUTLINE

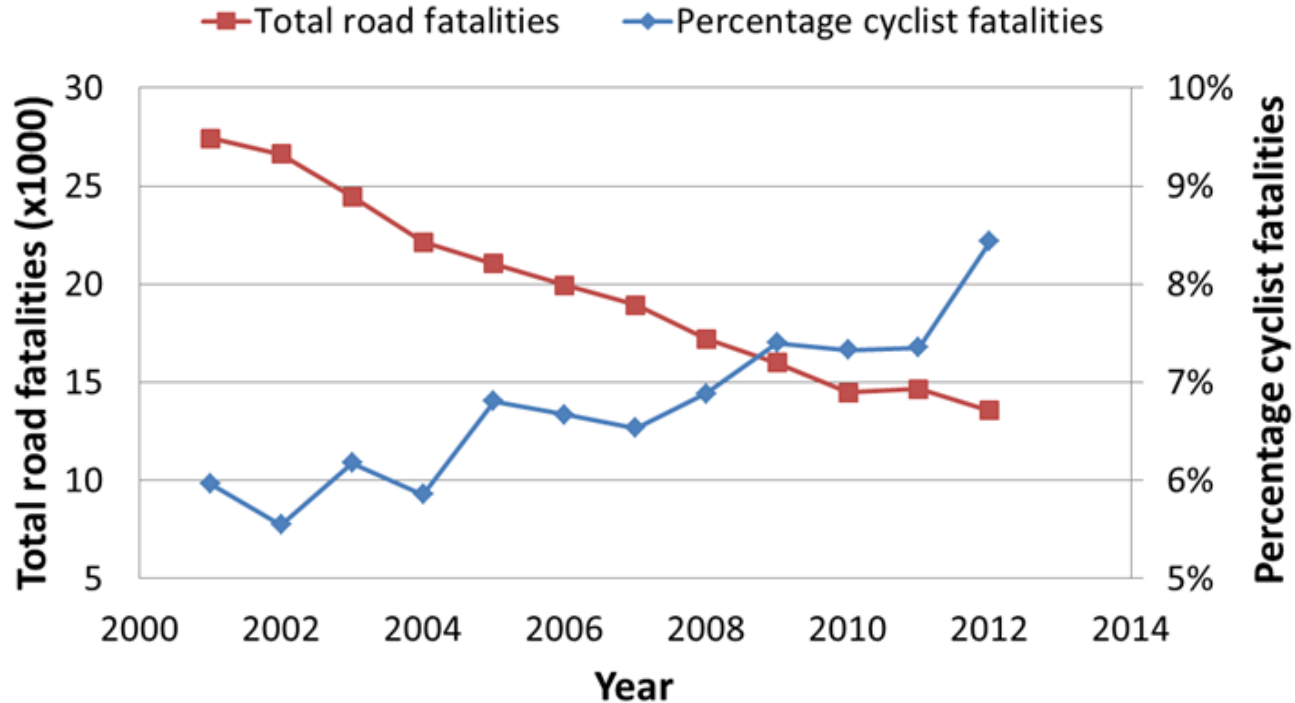
- › Introduction
- › CATS project:
 - › Objectives & timing
 - › Process
 - › Accident analysis
 - › Test scenario definition
 - › Dummy & Propulsion system development
 - › Verification & testing
 - › CATS test matrix
- › Euro NCAP: AEB-Cyclist 2018 proposal
- › Conclusion & Outlook
- › Acknowledgment

INTRODUCTION

- › Cycling is increasingly popular
 - › In the Netherlands, 26% of all journeys occur by bicycle (CROW, ECF)
- › Electric power-assisted bicycle:
 - › annual sales (in units) increased with factor of 10 in last 8 years in EU
- › Social benefits of cycling
 - › Scope for development (working, learning, recreating) in case no car / driving license
 - › Elderly keep mobile avoiding social isolation
 - › Environmental benefit (true zero emission)
 - › Flow problem for car traffic
 - › Parking problem in town centres and at workplace
 - › Health of cycling
 - › Traffic safety: more cyclists, less risks



INTRODUCTION



Total number of road fatalities and cyclist fatalities over the period of 2001 to 2012 for: France, Germany, Italy, the Netherlands, Sweden and the UK

INTRODUCTION

EURO NCAP ROADMAP FOR AEB – FCW



CATS: OBJECTIVES & TIMING

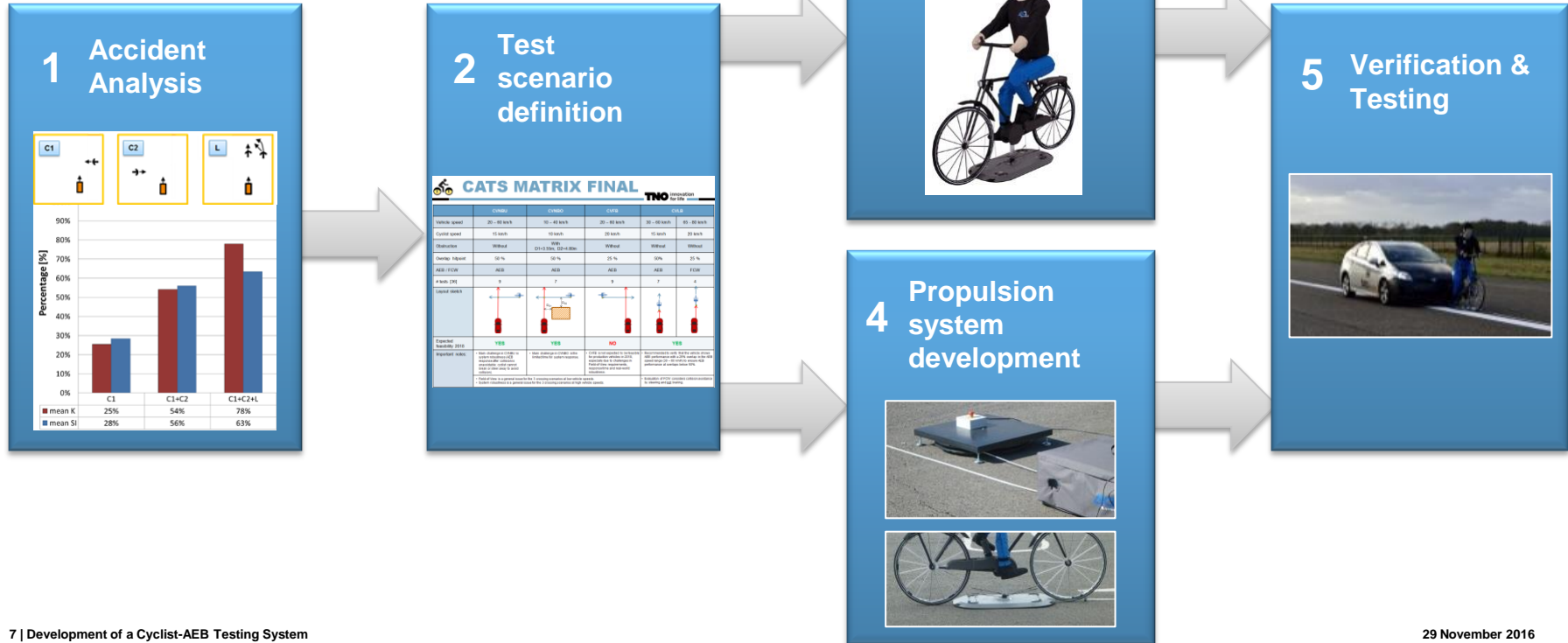
CATS (Cyclist-AEB Testing System) project:

- › Prepare the introduction of a protocol for consumer tests of Cyclist-AEB systems on board passenger cars
- › Propose a test setup (incl. hardware) and test protocol for Cyclist-AEB systems based on technical/scientific considerations
- › Base the tests on analysis of most relevant cyclist accident scenarios in EU countries

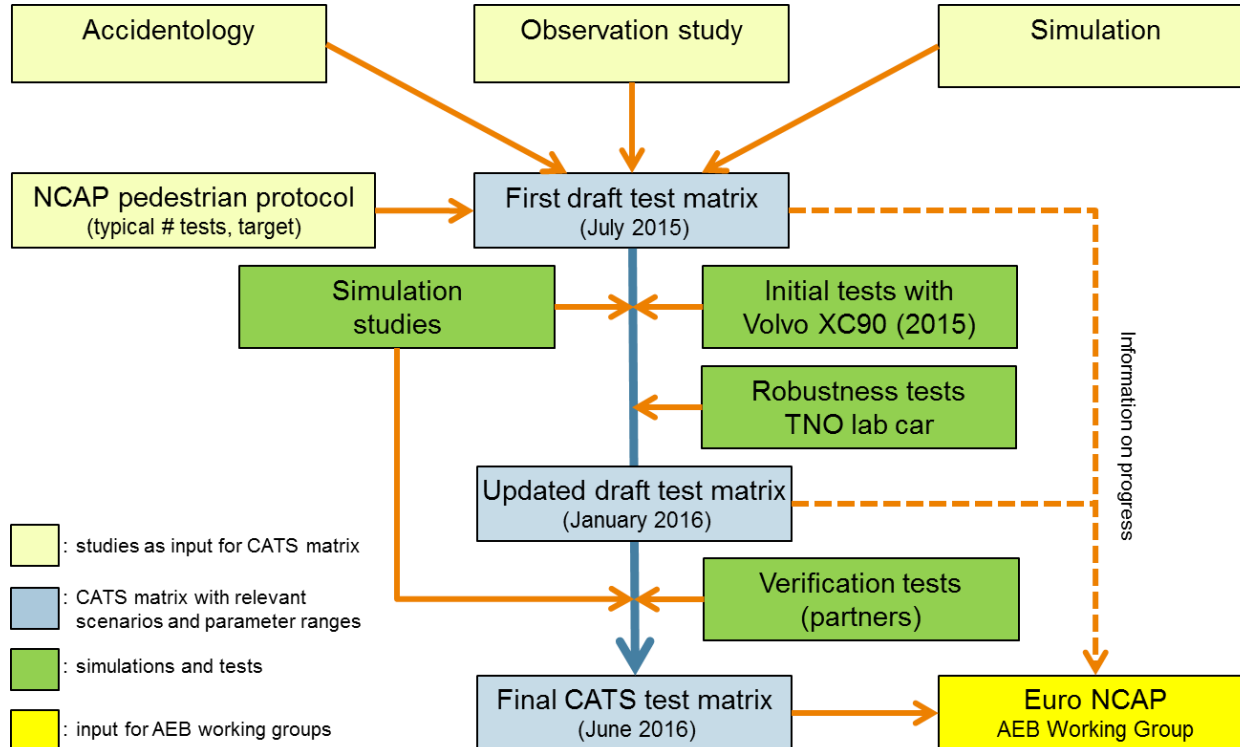
Timing: 2014 Q1 – 2016 Q2

Public information and reports to be found on: [TNO.NL/CATS](https://www.tno.nl/cats)

CATS: PROCESS



CATS: PROCESS



European
Automobile
Manufacturers
Association

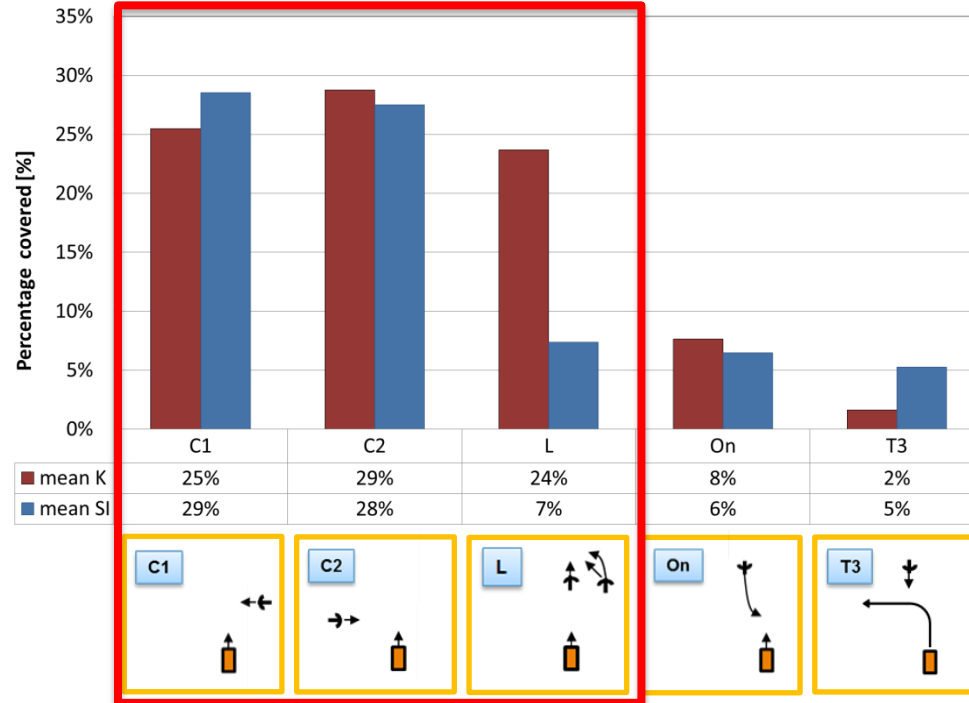
ACEA



CLEPA
European Association of
Automotive Suppliers



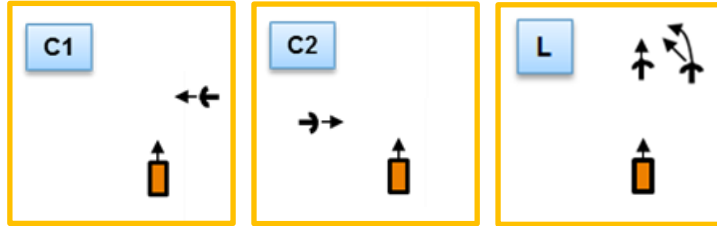
CATS: ACCIDENT ANALYSIS



- › Study databases for 6 European countries;
- › Select severe car-to-cyclists accidents → fatalities and seriously injured;
- › Provide overview of distinguished accident scenarios;
- › Determine the distribution of scenarios in the different countries;
- › Prioritize scenarios & indicate how many fatalities and seriously injured are covered.

CATS: TEST SCENARIO DEFINITION

› Most relevant accident scenarios



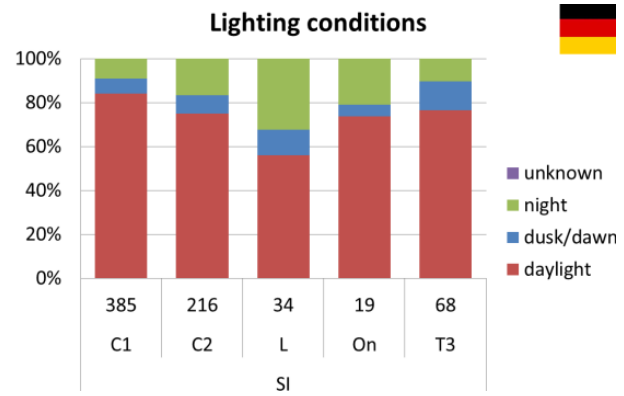
› Relevant accident parameters for those scenarios

Accident conditions	Accident partners
Precipitation	Cyclist speed
Lighting conditions	Vehicle Speed
Location	Impact point
Road layout, obstruction	Cyclist gender
Speed limit	Cyclist age
Season	Helmet use

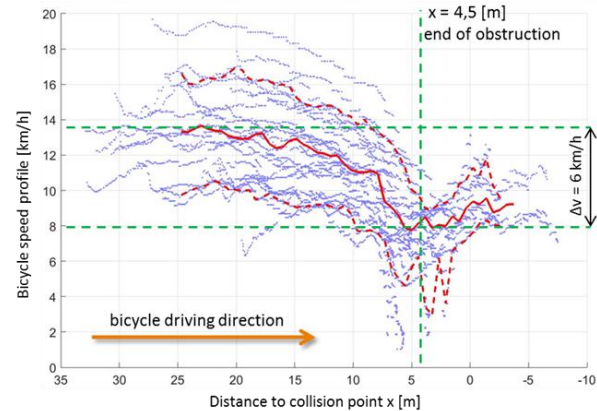
CATS: TEST SCENARIO DEFINITION

› Examples of parameter evaluation

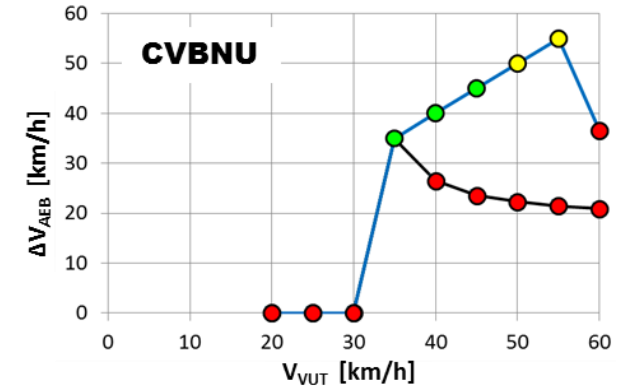
Accidentology



Observation study



Simulation



CATS: DUMMY & PROPULSION DEVELOPMENT

- Various development workshops where together with partners different stages of dummy and propulsion system have been evaluated.

Dummy:

- Dimensions
- Features
- Camera
- LIDAR
- Radar
- Impactability/ Durability



Test set-up:

- Accuracy
- Repeatability
- Reproducibility

Target Bike and Bicyclist target vs. Real Bike and Bicyclist													
	Static						Dynamic				Optical Representation		
	RCS						RCS		Micro-Doppler				
	270.0	90.0	112.5	135.0	157.5	180.0	0.0	90.0	0.0	90.0	0.0	0.0	180.0
CATS partner 1	⬇	✓		⬇	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
CATS partner 2	✓	✓				✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
CATS partner 3													
CATS partner 4	⬇	✓		✓	✓	✓	⬇	✓			✓	✓	✓
CATS partner 5	✓		⬇	⬇	✓	✓	✓	⬇	⬇	⬇	✓	✓	✓
....													

↑	much to high
↓	much to low
↗	bit to high
↘	bit to low
✓	OK
✗	nOK

CATS: DUMMY & PROPULSION DEVELOPMENT

4activeBS v5



Changeable handle bar for Dutch and European bike

White reflector in the front mounted on the frame

Polymer frame with metal layer for radar properties

Plastic mud guard

Real rubber tire with reflecting ring

Rim with reflecting material

Materials and properties of bicyclist same as Euro NCAP Pedestrian Target

Adjustable torso-angle

Rotational joint of hip connected to bike frame

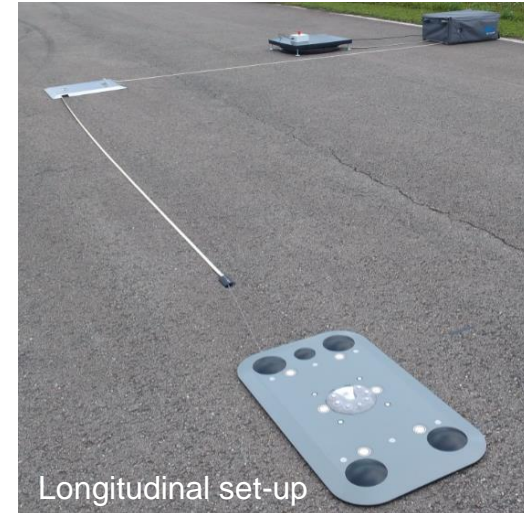
Rear red reflector mounted on the luggage rack

Rotational joint at the knee point

Rotating wheels due to contact to the ground



4activeSB Platform II



Dummy specification document available on TNO.NL/CATS



CATS: VERIFICATION & TESTING

Scenario:

- Realism
- Feasibility

Test set-up:

- Accuracy
- Repeatability
- Reproducibility

Near-side crossing



Near-side crossing with obstruction



Longitudinal



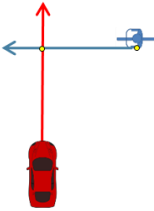
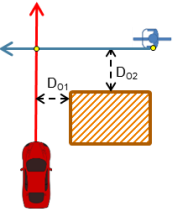
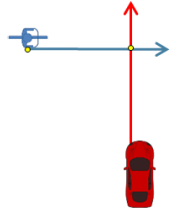
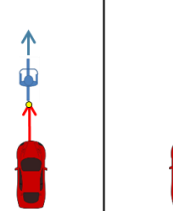
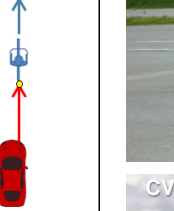
Longitudinal



CATS: VERIFICATION & TESTING



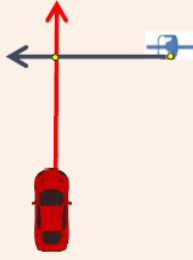
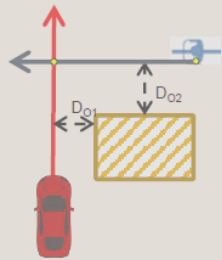
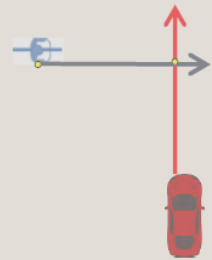


CATS: TEST MATRIX

	CVNBU	CVNBO	CVFB	CVLB	
Vehicle speed	20 – 60 km/h	10 – 40 km/h	20 – 60 km/h	30 – 60 km/h	65 – 80 km/h
Cyclist speed	15 km/h	10 km/h	20 km/h	15 km/h	20 km/h
Obstruction	Without	With D1=3.55m, D2=4.80m	Without	Without	Without
Collision point	50 %	50 %	25 %	50%	25 %
AEB / FCW	AEB	AEB	AEB	AEB	FCW
# tests [36]	9	7	9	7	4
Layout sketch					
Expected feasibility 2018	YES	YES	NO	YES	
Important notes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Main challenge in CVNBU is system robustness (AEB response after collision is unavoidable: cyclist cannot break or steer away to avoid collision). 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Main challenge in CVNBO is the limited time for system response. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> CVFB is not expected to be feasible for production vehicles in 2018, especially due to challenges in Field-of-View requirements, response time and real-world robustness. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recommended to verify that the vehicle shows AEB performance with a 25% collision point with one VUT speed in the 30-60 km/h speed range to ensure AEB performance at a collision point below 50%.
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Field-of-View is a general issue for the 3 crossing scenarios at low vehicle speeds. System robustness is a general issue for the 3 crossing scenarios at high vehicle speeds. 			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Evaluation of FCW considers collision avoidance by steering and <u>not</u> braking. 	



EURO NCAP: AEB-CYCLIST 2018 PROPOSAL



	CBAN	CBANO	CBAF	CBAL	
VUT speed	20-60 km/h	20-60 km/h	20-60 km/h	25-60 km/h	50- 80 km/h
Cyclist speed	15 km/h	10 km/h	20 km/h	15 km/h	20 km/h
Obstruction	No	Yes	No	No	No
Impact point	50%	50%	25%	50%	25%
AEB/FCW	AEB	AEB	AEB	AEB	FCW
					
Year of test	2018	2020	2020	2018	2018

CONCLUSION & OUTLOOK

› Conclusion

- › Successful process to develop the Cyclist-AEB Testing System
- › CATS protocol including test matrix proposed to Euro NCAP AEB VRU working group
- › Euro NCAP proposal for 2018 and 2020 in line with CATS findings, both test matrix and test target

› Outlook

- › Active global communication and dissemination of CATS results
- › Support further development & evaluation of Cyclist-AEB for Euro NCAP and others
- › Considerations towards 2020:
 - › Specification of view-blocking barrier
 - › Dealing with parameter ranges in protocol
- › Development of cyclist intent prediction models to support Cyclist-AEB control law
- › Market introduction of Cyclist-AEB systems on more production vehicles

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

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bast



BOSCH

Continental

DAIMLER

DENSO



PSA PEUGEOT CITROËN



RENAULT



SUBARU

TOYOTA

Valeo

VOLKSWAGEN
AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT



» THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

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